English Tenses

A minimal or shortest period of time in which an **action (verb)** takes place.
Here action refers to **verbs**

Types of Sentences

1. Affirmatives/Simple/Positive Statements: He **eats** apples.
2. Negatives: He **does not eat** apples.
3. Interrogatives/Questions: **Does** he **eat** apples?
4. Interrogative Negatives: **Does** he **not eat** apples?

Simple Sentence Structure: Subject + Verb + Object

Subjects:

- Singulars: he, she, it, singular noun (Ali, School, Car etc)
- Plurals: I, we, they, you

	Simple/ Indefinite	**Cont. (always use gerund)**	**Perfect (always use V3)**	**Perfect Cont.**
Present	Do/don't, Does/doesn't + V1 He goes to school He does not go to school.	is/am/are + V1ing (Gerund)	has/have +V3	has been/ have been + Gerund
Past	Did/ didn't + V2 He went to school He did not (go) to school.	was/were + V1ing (Gerund)	Had + V3	Had been + Gerund
Future	Will/ will not, Shall/shall not + V1 He will go to school	will be/ shall be + V1ing (Gerund)	Will have/ shall have + V3	Will have been/ shall have been + Gerund

Use of since and for:

- Since: morning, evening, yesterday, last year, past month, 1985 (noun: name of the year)
- For: use for with numbers: 2 hours, 5 months, 6 years, 4 nights, 2 days, 6 weeks